# HOSPITAL CRISIS COMMUNICATION PLAN TEMPLATE

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Crisis is inevitable for just about any type of organization, so identifying the people, systems, messaging and other standards in advance makes good business sense. Here are steps you can take in advance to take control:

### **IDENTIFY PEOPLE**

### **Identify the Crisis Communications Team**

Ideally, the organization's CEO will head up the team, with the top public relations executive (or outside agency or consultant) and legal counsel as chief advisers. Senior executives, usually the heads of major divisions, should be identified to serve as your organization's Crisis Communications Team.

#### **CRISIS COMMUNICATIONS TEAM**

NAME & TITLE	ROLE & RESPONSIBILITY	CONTACT INFORMATION

### **IDENTIFY PEOPLE** continued

## **Identify Spokespersons**

The pool of potential spokespersons/subject matter experts should be identified and trained in advance, even though you will make the ultimate decision about who will speak will be made once the crisis breaks. Consider all the different channels of communications, both internal and external, that you may need to cover.

### **CRISIS SPOKESPERSONS**

NAME & TITLE	EXPERTISE	CONTACT INFORMATION

### **IDENTIFY PEOPLE** continued

### **Identify and Know Your Stakeholders**

Create a complete database of internal and external stakeholders to guarantee that they obtain the exact messages you want them to hear and potentially repeat to other individuals or media outlets. Use the Smartsheet Stakeholder Communication Plan Template and update it frequently.

#### STAKEHOLDER COMMUNICATION PLAN

STAKEHOLDER	POWER / INTEREST	KEY INTEREST & ISSUES	COMMUNICATION VEHICLE	FREQUENCY	COMMENTS

# **IDENTIFY POTENTIAL CRISES AND A PLAN**

#### **Brainstorm Potential Crises in Advance**

The Crisis Communications Team should identify every potential threat based on your known vulnerabilities. It may become clear that some crisis situations may be preventable by shifting existing conditions or operational methods. You should consider possible responses, and best and worst case scenarios. Often organizations are aware of an upcoming even like layoffs, a merger or a move, so you can begin to plan well in advance of the actual event.

#### **ADVANCE CRISIS PLANNING**

POT Sec	TENTIAL SCENARIOS curity Breach, Product/Technology Failure, Natural Disaster, Financial Crisis, Workplace Violence, Environmental Crisis
SCENARIO 1	
SCENARIO 2	
SCENARIO 3	
	coming events rgers, Acquisitions, Moves, Layoffs
SCENARIO 1	
SCENARIO 2	
SCENARIO 3	

# IDENTIFY POTENTIAL CRISES AND A PLAN continued

### Crisis Communication Response Plan

Your brainstorming and assessment process should lead to the creation of a Crisis Response Plan tailored to your organization.

#### **CRISIS COMMUNICATION RESPONSE PLAN TEMPLATE**

EVENT NAME	
COMMUNICATION GOAL	
TARGET AUDIENCES	
ISSUE ANALYSIS AND	VERIFICATION
WHAT HAPPENED?	
WHICH CREDIBLE INFORMATION SOURCES CONFIRMED?	
WHAT ADDITIONAL FACTS ARE NEEDED TO PUT THE EVENT INTO PERSPECTIVE?	
WHEN DID IT HAPPEN?	
WHO IS INVOLVED?	
HOW DID IT HAPPEN?	
WHAT IS CURRENTLY BEING DONE?	

# **IDENTIFY SYSTEMS**

Establish	Notification	Systems
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Set up notification systems to rapidly reach your stakeholders. Employing more than one type of communications platform (email plus text for example) the chances are much greater that the message will go through. Using your stakeholder database, you can purchase or rent an <a href="mailto:emergency notification system">emergency notification system</a> to automatically contact pre-established database.

NOTIFICATION SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION
Establish Monitoring Systems  Monitoring what's being said about you on traditional and social media can alert you to negative messages that could foment a crisis. Monitoring all stakeholder feedback during a crisis supports logical changes to strategy and tactics. Free services include Google Alerts and Hootsuite, but you can also use paid monitoring services to report results in various formats. Train personnel, such as Customer Service reps, who have front-line contact with stakeholders to immediately report to the Crisis Communications Team.
MONITORING SYSTEMS DESCRIPTION
Establish Crisis Verification System – What, When, Who, How and Why The first step is to determine what has happened and immediately identify and document as many facts as possible based on essential questions: What happened and has the situation been confirmed by credible information sources? What additional facts are needed to put the event into perspective? When did it happen? Who is involved? How did it happen? What is currently being done?
CRISIS VERIFICATION SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

# **IDENTIFY MESSAGING**

### **Develop and Use "Holding Statements"**

You'll need to develop full messages based on the facts and that may take some time. Using pre-determined "holding statements," immediately after a crisis gives you breathing space and communicates that you're aware and working on the matter. For example: "Expect a statement from our CEO within two hours" or "Check Twitter or our website for updates." Holding statements should be reviewed regularly.

#### **HOLDING STATEMENT PLANNER**

• Acknowledge the crisis. • Give yourself some time. • Show commitment.

STATEMENT SAMPLES	DELIVERY MODALITY/MODALITIES

### **IDENTIFY MESSAGING** continued

### **Key Messages**

The Crisis Communications Team should aim to develop three crisis-specific messages based on verified information for all stakeholders and, if needed, some targeted messaging for specific stakeholder groups based on identified scenarios. These can be modified based on the actual crisis. Messaging will also need to be adapted to different forms of media. For example, Twitter may require links because of character limits.

#### **KEY MESSAGE PLANNER**

AUDIENCE	TOP THREE KEY MESSAGES	DELIVERY CHANNELS & SPOKESPERSON
ALL STAKEHOLDERS		
AUDIENCE 1		
AUDIENCE 2		
AUDIENCE 3		
Addition of		

### **IDENTIFY KEY LEARNINGS**

#### **Post-Crisis Review**

Once the crisis has passed, a best practice is to conduct a formal analysis in team meeting by the full Crisis Communications Team. Review what worked, what failed, and what could be improved prior to the next event, and use the results to update the Crisis Communication Response Plan.

#### **CRISIS REVIEW FORM**

STRATEGY / TACTIC	DESCRIPTION	RESULT	POSSIBLE IMPROVEMENTS
SUCCESSFUL			
SUCCESSFUL			
PROBLEMATIC			
PROBLEMATIC			

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